





G O O DIS

Health



What do you think?

In a few weeks, you may get a survey in the mail. It asks how happy you are with UnitedHealthcare Community Plan. If you get a survey, please fill it out and mail it back. Your answers will be private. Your opinion helps us make the health plan better.



Avoid the ER.

Know where to go and when.

For most illnesses and injuries, your PCP's office should be the first place you call when you need care. You can even call at night or on weekends.

If you cannot get in to see your doctor, you could go to an urgent care center. Urgent care centers take walk-in patients. Many urgent care centers are open at night and on weekends.

Emergency rooms are for major medical emergencies only. Go there only when you think your illness or injury could result in death or disability if not treated right away. If you go for a minor problem, you may need to wait a long time.

If you go to an urgent care center or emergency room, tell your PCP as soon as you can. Get any follow-up care you need from your PCP.





How can we help?

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan offers special benefits and programs to help improve your health. A health assessment tells us which services can help you. By answering just a few questions, you can be matched with the right programs for you.

We ask new members to take a health assessment within 60 days of joining the plan. If you have been a member for longer, it's not too late.

over the phone.

It's easy.

It only takes a few minutes to complete a health assessment. Just visit myuhc.com/CommunityPlan. Or call 1-888-887-9003, TTY 711, to complete it

Make a connection.

Support is vital for mental health.

If you have mental health issues, support can help. Sometimes it is scary to ask for help. But support can strengthen your recovery and healing. Find someone you trust to talk to. Ask a friend, family member or someone you look up to. Spending time with the people who love you can improve your mood and your overall well-being.

Support can come in many forms. Someone can help you with a specific task. They can just be there to listen when you are having a hard time. They can give you advice on an issue. Just hearing that you are on the right track can help you feel less alone. Joining a local group that shares your interests or issues can also help. For example, maybe a biking club, parenting support group or faith-based group is right for you.

It may also be helpful to reach out and connect with others who have had similar struggles. Peers can sometimes have a deeper understanding of what you are going through. You can connect with peers through group therapy with your provider. There are also 12-step and peer support resources in your community.



Know your numbers.

Almost one in three adults has high blood pressure. It is also called hypertension. This means blood pressure of 140/90 or higher. Blood pressure higher than 120/80 but lower than 140/90 is considered prehypertention.

High blood pressure usually has no symptoms. This makes it easy for many people to ignore. But because it can lead to serious problems, it's important to treat it. Hypertension is a leading cause of stroke, heart attack, kidney disease and congestive heart failure. There are several things you can do to control your blood pressure.

- Limit salt to less than 1,500 mg per day.
- Limit alcohol to one drink a day for women or two (or fewer) for men.
- Stay at a healthy weight.
- Exercise for at least 30 minutes a day.
- Do not smoke.



See your doctor. If lifestyle changes are not enough, your doctor may suggest medication. There are many different kinds of medicines that lower blood pressure. Be sure to keep all follow-up appointments with your doctor. Check your blood pressure often.

See here.

Diabetic eye exams are needed each year.

Diabetic retinopathy is a common complication of diabetes. High blood sugar damages the blood vessels in the eye. Symptoms rarely start until the damage is bad. Treatment can stop it from getting worse. But it can't reverse the vision loss that already happened.

That's why it is so important to have a diabetic eye exam every year. It can catch the problem before you have symptoms. The test is quick and painless.

People with diabetes also are at higher risk for other eye diseases. These include cataracts and glaucoma. Good control of your diabetes can help prevent vision loss.

We can help. If you have diabetes or another chronic condition, we can help. We offer disease management programs.

They help you manage your condition. To learn more, call 1-888-887-9003, TTY 711.



Rest easy.

Flu season is in full swing. The flu virus spreads easily during the cooler months.

The flu often comes on suddenly. You will likely have a fever and feel achy and tired. The flu often causes a cough, a sore throat and a stuffy nose. Some people get a headache or an upset stomach.

There is no cure for the flu. But self-care can help you feel a little better until it passes. Take a fever reducer/ pain reliever. Get plenty of rest. Drink lots of water. Stay home to keep from giving the flu to others.

The best way to prevent the flu is with an annual flu shot. It's not too late to get this season's vaccine. It's recommended for everyone ages 6 months and older. Ask your PCP about the flu shot.



Know your provider. See your primary care provider for a checkup before you get sick. Need to find a new PCP? Visit myuhc.com/CommunityPlan or call 1-888-887-9003, TTY 711, toll-free.





Resource corner.

Member Services: Find a doctor, ask benefit questions or voice a complaint in any language (toll-free). 1-888-887-9003, TTY 711

Service Coordination: Get help for special needs (toll-free).

1-800-349-0550, TTY 711

Our website and app: Find a provider, read your Member Handbook or see your ID card, wherever you are.

myuhc.com/CommunityPlan Health4Me™

NurseLineSM: Get 24/7 health advice from a nurse (toll-free).

1-877-839-5407, TTY 711

MyHealthLine™: If you qualify, you can get a smartphone and a monthly service plan at no cost. **UHCmyHealthLine.com**

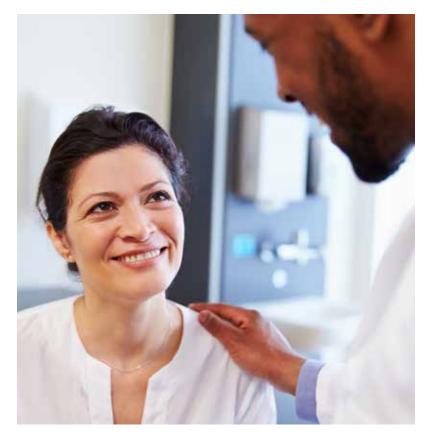
QuitLine: Get free help quitting smoking (toll-free). QuitNow.net 1-800-227-2345, TTY 711

National Domestic Violence Hotline: Get 24/7 support, resources and advice (toll-free). 1-800-799-SAFE, TTY 1-800-787-3224 thehotline.org



Watch and learn.

Visit myuhc.com/CommunityPlan for short video introductions to your health plan. They explain how to get the most out of your benefits. They are great for new and experienced members.



Wait no more.

Time to see your doctor?

It's important to get medical care when you need it. Call your doctor's office to make appointments. Tell them the reason for the visit. This will help them make the appointment within the right timeframe. Timeframes for provider visits are:

- Routine primary care: Within 14 days.
- Adult preventive services: Up to 90 days.
- Preventive services for a new child member: Depends on the child's age and when the service is due, but usually less than 90 days.
- Newborn preventive health services: Within 14 days.
- Prenatal care: Within 14 days. High-risk or if a new member is more than 6 months pregnant will be seen within 5 days.
- Care for an urgent condition: Within 24 hours.
- Outpatient behavioral health visits: Within 14 days.

You can get emergency care at any urgent care center or emergency department. Call 911 in an emergency.

Call your PCP first. You can even call at night or on weekends, when the office is closed. A message will tell you how to reach a doctor. You can also call the 24-hour toll-free NurseLineSM at **1-877-839-5407, TTY 711**, for advice on your illness

or injury.